

# **Safe Operating Procedure**

(Revised 2/20)

## SHIPPING INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES WITH OR WITHOUT DRY ICE

DO NOT prepare any international shipments before consulting with UNL Export Control at <u>exportcontrol@unl.edu</u> or call 402-472-6929.

This Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) describes how to prepare a shipment containing materials properly classified as *Infectious Substances, Category A* for transport by air with a carrier that subscribes to International Air Transport Authority (IATA) standards. The information in this SOP is based on the most current IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.

This SOP is a supplement to and not a substitute for the DOT/IATA training provided by EHS. Training is required before engaging in any transport-related function and at least every three (3) years thereafter.

#### SCOPE

This SOP applies to shipments containing only *Infectious Substances, Category A* materials with or without dry ice. However, packages containing an excepted quantity of certain flammable, corrosive, or other hazard class 9 liquids needed for maintaining the viability, stability, or preventing degradation or neutralization of the material may also be shipped in accordance with this SOP.

Review the EHS SOP – *Select Agents and Toxins* to verify that the Category A material you want to ship is not a Select Agent. This SOP does not authorize the shipment of Select Agents. All shipments of Select Agents must be coordinated with, and approved by UNL's Responsible Official (EHS Director) and only after receiving federal pre-authorization.

In addition, this SOP does not address additional permits that may be required by CDC or APHIS when importing, exporting, or conducting intra- or inter- state shipments of human or animal pathogens.

#### **Proper Classification**

Dangerous Goods/Hazardous Materials must be properly classified and shipped in accordance with the appropriate packaging and shipping instructions. Do not over- or under-classify dangerous goods/hazardous materials. Materials properly classified as "Patient Specimens" or "Biological Substances, Category B" must be packaged and shipped in accordance with the EHS SOP, *Shipping Biological Substances and Patient Specimens*.

An *Infectious Substance, Category A* material is defined as an infectious substance (known or reasonably expected to contain bacteria, viruses, rickettsiae, parasites, fungi, and other agents such as prions, which can cause disease in humans or animals) which is transported in a form that, when exposure to it occurs, is capable of causing permanent disability, life-threatening or fatal disease in otherwise healthy humans or animals. Examples of *Infectious Substances, Category A* materials are provided in Appendix A of this SOP.

#### SAFETY INFORMATION – INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES

Prior to preparing infectious substances for shipment, review the Safety Data Sheet or agent hazard summary or other technical literature regarding the hazards of the known or suspect organisms. Following is a broad summary of the typical hazards of small quantities of *Infectious Substances, Category A* shipped in commerce from UNL.

- These materials can cause serious or lethal disease in humans and/or animals.
- These materials are often infectious by inhalation, and may also be infectious by inoculation, ingestion, and contact with broken skin. Because they are often infectious by inhalation, it is very important to avoid aerosol-producing activities and to handle open containers in a Biosafety Cabinet.
- A freshly prepared 10% solution of household bleach with a contact time of 20 minutes is generally effective in disinfecting non-porous equipment, surfaces, and spills of liquid cultures. Efficacy of disinfection is diminished in the presence of heavy organic loading (e.g., lots of dirt, grime, grease, etc.).
- Avoid contact with unprotected skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Use surgical-type protective gloves, protective eyewear, and protective outer garments when handling.
- Observe good personal hygiene. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after removing Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and before leaving the work area.
- Seek medical attention following known or suspected exposures. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water. Flush eyes for 15 minutes after contact.

Sometimes, infectious substances are shipped with dry ice. Following is a broad summary of the hazards of small quantities (e.g., 5 pounds or less) of dry ice shipped in commerce.

- Dry ice sublimes. It changes directly from a solid to a gas. Therefore, packages and over-packs must not be tightly sealed. They must allow gases to escape to prevent the build-up of pressure.
- As dry ice sublimes it creates carbon dioxide gas, which is colorless and odorless. If enough dry ice were to sublime in an unventilated space, it could accumulate to a level that exceeds an occupational exposure limit (5000 ppm expressed as an 8-hour Time-Weighted Average (TWA) or 30,000 ppm as a ceiling limit). Breathing high concentrations of carbon dioxide can lead to labored breathing, increased pulse rate, headache, increased blood pressure, and muscle twitching. At extremely high concentrations, the amount of oxygen

available could be reduced to an amount that is insufficient to support life, leading to asphyxiation.

• Dry ice is extremely cold at -109.3°F (-78.5°C). Touching dry ice unprotected can lead to frostbite. Always handle dry ice with care and wear thermally protective gloves and eyewear. Use mechanical device (e.g., tongs) to handle.

## IATA TABLE 4.2 ENTRIES - INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES, CATEGORY A

Following is information from the IATA 4.2 table for Infectious Substances, Category A and Dry Ice.

IATA 4.2 Substances Infectious to Animals			
Proper shipping name:	Infectious substance, affecting animals		
UN/ID No.:	UN 2900		
Class or Division	6.2		
Hazard Label	Infectious Substance		
Packing Group	Not Applicable		
Packing Instructions	620		
Maximum Quantity/Package for Limited Quantity Shipment	"E0"- Not permitted as Excepted Quantity		
Passenger/Cargo Aircraft (quantity limitations)	50 g (solid), 50 ml (liquid)		
Cargo Aircraft Only (quantity limitations)	4 kg (solid), 4 L (liquid)		
Special Provisions	<ul> <li>A81 – The quantity limits do not apply to body parts, organs, or whole bodies.</li> <li>A140 – When the infectious substances shipped are unknown but are suspected of meeting the criteria for inclusion in Category A, the words "Suspected Category A infectious substance" must appear in parenthesis following the proper shipping name in the Shipper's Declaration for Dangerous Goods.</li> </ul>		

IATA 4.2 Substances Infectious to Humans			
Proper shipping name:	Infectious substance, affecting humans		
UN/ID No.:	UN 2814		
Class or Division	6.2		
Hazard Label	Infectious Substance		
Packing Group	Not Applicable		
Packing Instructions	620		
Maximum Quantity/Package for Limited Quantity Shipment	"E0"- Not permitted as Excepted Quantity		
Passenger/Cargo Aircraft (quantity limitations)	50 g (solid), 50 ml (liquid)		

Cargo Aircraft Only (quantity limitations)	4 kg (solid), 4 L (liquid)
Special Provisions	<ul> <li>A81 – The quantity limits do not apply to body parts, organs or whole bodies.</li> <li>A140 – When the infectious substances shipped are unknown but are suspected of meeting the criteria for inclusion in Category A, the words "Suspected Category A infectious substance" must appear in parenthesis following the proper shipping names in the Shipper's Declaration for Dangerous Goods.</li> </ul>

IATA 4.2 Dry Ice				
Proper shipping name:	"Carbon dioxide, solid" or "Dry ice"			
UN/ID No.:	UN 1845			
Class or Division	9			
Hazard Label	Miscellaneous			
Packing Group	Not Applicable			
Packing Instructions	954			
Maximum Quantity/Package for	"E0"- Not permitted as Excepted Quantity			
Limited Quantity Shipment				
Passenger/Cargo Aircraft (quantity	200 kg			
limitations)				
Cargo Aircraft Only (quantity	200 kg			
limitations)				
Special Provisions	A48 (package test not required); A151: A805			

#### **PACKAGING - INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES, CATEGORY A**

Specification packaging is required (indicated by the manufacturer's specification marking on the package that indicates it is suitable for hazard class 6.2 dangerous goods). Packaging must be compatible with the contents and consist of three components:

- 1. Primary receptacle(s) that is/are leak- or sift-proof (liquids or solids, respectively) and have positive means of closure (e.g., tape reinforced lid closure);
- 2. Secondary packaging that is leak- or sift-proof (liquids or solids, respectively) and have positive means of closure (e.g., tape reinforced lid closure); and
- 3. Rigid outer packaging. If dry ice is included in the package, then the outer package must be designed and closed in a manner that will allow off-gassing vapors to escape.

In addition,

1. Inner packages containing liquids must have sufficient headspace to allow for expansion of the liquid due to temperature/pressure changes.

- 2. Inner packages must be packed, secured, or cushioned against leakage and/or breakage.
- 3. Packages cannot be vented except for venting of dry ice vapors.
- 4. Packages containing liquids must be orientated with the closures in an upright position, and sufficient absorbent placed between the primary and secondary containers to absorb the entire content. For multiple inner packages in a single secondary packaging, each inner package must be wrapped individually.
- 5. Other dangerous goods must not be packed in the same packaging with *Infectious Substances, Category A* unless they are necessary for maintaining viability, stabilizing or preventing degradation, or neutralizing the hazards of potentially infectious substances; and then the quantity is limited to thirty (30) mL or less of Class 3 (flammable and combustible liquids), 8 (corrosive), or 9 (miscellaneous) per each primary receptacle. Maximum net quantity of the excepted quantities of dangerous goods per outer package is 500 mL. This excepted quantity provision is limited to the chemicals listed in the Hazard Class Table below. If the excepted quantity material that you intend to ship is not listed on this table, consult EHS prior to preparing the shipment.

Hazard	Chemical				
Class					
3	Acetone				
3	Acetonitrile				
3	Ethanol				
3	Methanol				
8	Formaldehyde ≥ 25%				
8	Hydrochloric or Sulfuric acid (not fuming)				
8	Acetic acid				
8	≤ 20% Nitric acid (not fuming)				
9	Formaldehyde solutions 10-25%				
Not a	Formaldehyde solutions < 10%				
dangerous	Example: 10% buffered formalin				
good					
Not a	Dimethyl Sulfoxide (DMSO)				
dangerous					
good					
Not a	< 24% aqueous solution of ethanol				
dangerous					
good					

#### Hazard Class Table

- 6. An itemized list of the content must be included between the primary and secondary packaging.
- 7. Refrigerant, if used, must be placed outside of the secondary packaging. If dry ice is used as the refrigerant, seal the outside package in a manner that allows carbon dioxide gas that forms to be released, preventing build-up of pressure that could rupture the packaging.

- 8. Packages must be packed so the contents do not shift as the refrigerant changes physical state or disappears.
- 9. Maximum package quantities must not be exceeded (as indicated in the 4.2 table)



## MARKING & LABELING- INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES, CATEGORY A

General marking and labeling requirements must be observed, such as: all markings must be in English; all markings and labels must be durable and in the correct location with no overlapping or folding from one surface dimension of the package to the other, and; only relevant markings and labels are allowed. The following marking and labeling is required on the outer package:

- 1. Complete name and address of the shipper. The shipper's telephone number must also be recorded on the outer container. This does not need to be a 24-hour emergency response number, but it should be for someone that is knowledgeable of the hazards of the shipment.
- 2. Complete name and address of the consignee.
- 3. The proper shipping name, UN number, and net quantity of infectious substance in the package in letters at least 6 mm (about ¼ inch) high. If the substance is infectious to both humans and animals, use the proper shipping name of *Infectious substance, affecting humans*. If dry ice is included, the package must also contain the additional proper shipping name, UN number, and net amount of dry ice in the package (in Kilograms).

- 4. An Infectious Substance Hazard Class label; and a Miscellaneous Hazard Class label if the package also contains dry ice.
- 5. "Orientation" arrows if the package contains liquids.
- 6. "Overpack" if applicable.
- 7. If excepted quantities of dangerous goods are packed with the Infectious Substance, Category A material, DO NOT add the Excepted Package Mark. Packing Instruction 620 allows primary receptacles to contain 30 mL or less of certain flammable, corrosive, or other hazard class 9 liquids needed for maintaining the viability, stability, or preventing degradation or neutralization of the material by default. Maximum net quantity of the excepted quantities of dangerous goods per outer package is 500 mL.

## Example Packages - See Appendix B

## **DOCUMENTATION – INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, CATEGORY A**

Two shipping documents are required: 1) an Airway bill; and 2) a Shipper's Declaration for Dangerous Goods. Copies of both shipping documents must be retained for a minimum of two years. The following information must be recorded on the airway bill:

- 1. Name and address of consignor and consignee.
- 2. If applicable, complete the dry ice section
- 3. The appropriate box must be checked to indicate "shipment contains dangerous goods as per attached Shipper's Declaration."
- 4. Complete remaining sections (total packages, payment, etc.).

Most of the information regarding the hazardous nature of the shipment will be contained on the Dangerous Goods Declaration form, which is cross referenced to the airway bill. The following instructions for completing the Dangerous Goods Declaration form assume that FedEx will be the carrier. Other carriers will have different requirements.

- 1. The Declaration must be prepared using FedEx approved vendor software, preapproved shipper proprietary software, or FedEx Express Automated Shipping Solutions that have dangerous goods error checks. The declaration must be a specific format and color. The airway bill can be hand printed rather than typed.
- 2. The airway bill number must be recorded on the Declaration to retain the proper reference between the two documents. The name of the person preparing the shipment (if different from the person indicated as the "shipper") should be printed in Section 2 of the airway bill.
- 3. In the "Transport Details" section of the Declaration, complete the full name of airport of departure and airport of destination (or leave blank). In addition, the non-applicable category for "Passenger or Cargo/Cargo Only" must be deleted.
- 4. In the "Nature and Quantity of Dangerous Goods" section of the form, record the information below in the appropriate columns. Note that a separate line entry will be required if dry ice is included in the shipment.
  - a. UN 2900 or UN2814, as appropriate.
  - b. Proper shipping name: Infectious substance, affecting animals (or humans, as applicable). This proper shipping name must be

supplemented with the name of the infectious substance in parentheses; or "Suspected Category A Infectious Substance" if unknown.

- c. Division: 6.2
- d. Packing group: leave blank.
- e. Quantity and type of packaging: list the number of packages, the type of packaging, and the net quantity of infectious material (i.e., 1 fiberboard box x 5 ml).
- f. Packing instructions: 620.
- g. Authorization: If shipping body parts, organs or whole bodies record "A81" in this column. Otherwise leave blank.
- h. Complete the following lines: name, title, and signature of the signatory. This person must have current training credentials.
- i. In the section titled "Additional Handling Information," Type the following:
  - "For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident, Call CHEMTREC Day or Night. Within USA or Canada 1-800-424-9300."
  - In the space indicated, type the 24-hour emergency telephone number: *1-800-424-9300* for domestic North American shipment.
- 5. If the shipment contains dry ice, indicate such on the airway bill in the appropriate section. Also record a second line of information on the Declaration form that is indicative of dry ice.
  - a. UN1845.
  - b. Proper shipping name: "Carbon dioxide, solid" or "Dry ice."
  - c. Hazard class: 9.
  - d. Packing group: Not Applicable.
  - e. Since more than one type of dangerous goods are packed in a single outer container, indicate "All packed in one [container type; e.g., fiberboard box].
  - f. When an overpack is used, the wording "Overpack Used" must be inserted on the declaration immediately following all the relevant entries relating to the packages within each overpack.
  - g. Packing instructions: 954.

#### **Example Documentation - See Appendix B**

#### **International Shipments**

Contact EHS for instructions and detailed information for any international shipments that require a Declaration for Dangerous Goods. **DO NOT** initiate any international shipment requiring a Declaration for Dangerous Goods without consulting EHS.

UNL has a contract with Chemtrec to use Chemtrec's 24 hour emergency number on the Shipper's Declaration of Dangerous Goods. This contract is only good for North

America (Canada, United States, and Mexico). Shipments to any other country will be quoted on a case-by-case basis by Chemtrec.

#### NOTIFICATION TO CHEMTREC

Prior to shipment, a Safety Data Sheet or agent hazard summary must be submitted to CHEMTREC to facilitate response in the event of an emergency. Fax the following information to CHEMTREC at 1-703-741-6090:

- The organization name: "University of Nebraska Lincoln"
- UNL's CHEMTREC customer number: 227166
- A copy of the Safety Data Sheet for the dangerous goods being shipped

#### **Security Awareness Training**

Hazmat employees must receive training relative to security. Following is a summary of the security awareness information included in the EHS IATA training program. Reduce the possibility of unauthorized access, possession, and use by securing all hazardous materials/dangerous goods. The following general guidelines represent minimum requirements:

- Packages containing hazardous materials/dangerous goods must be kept in a secured area, or under the supervision of a designated shipper, or other authorized employee(s) until picked up by the carrier. Limit access to areas where dangerous goods/hazardous materials packages are prepared for shipment, received, stored, unpacked or used to authorized employees only. Report latches and locks on doors or other security devices that are damaged, sticky, or have been tampered to your supervisor and the Building Maintenance Reporter.
- Make sure the carrier picking up dangerous goods/hazardous materials shipments has identification (e.g., company ID, uses a clearly identified company vehicle, or wears a company uniform).
- Report suspicious individuals, behavior, stolen or missing dangerous goods/hazardous materials, and known or suspected unauthorized entry into secured areas to your supervisor and to the UNL Police Department 402-472-2222. Be aware of your surroundings; look for out-of-place vehicles and abandoned or out-of-place backpacks, bags, or other containers.
- Limit information concerning hazardous materials/dangerous goods shipments to individuals who need to know, such as other authorized employees, carrier personnel, and supervisors. Do not share information on dangerous goods/hazardous materials shipments with casual acquaintances or strangers.
- Be familiar with emergency procedures in place at UNL and know what to do if a package is leaking or damaged.

#### APPENDIX A EXAMPLES - INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES, CATEGORY A

UN Number and	Miero erreniem			
Proper Snipping	wicro-organism			
	Recillus anthrasis (cultures only)			
UNZO 14	Bacillus antiliacis (cultures only)			
offecting humana	Bacilius cereus biovar antirracis (cultures only)			
anecting numans	Brucella abortus (cultures only)			
	Brucella mellensis (cultures only)			
	Diucella suis (cultures only)			
	burkholdena maliel – Pseudomonas maliel – Glanders			
	(cultures only) Burkhelderie Decudemellei – Decudemence recudemellei			
	burkholdena Pseudomaliei – Pseudomonas pseudomaliei			
	(Culture only) Chlomydia paittaai - avian atraina (aulturaa anly)			
	Chatridium botulinum (cultures only)			
	Cossidiaides immitia (cultures only)			
	Coccidioides immus (cultures only)			
	Coxiena burnetii (cultures only)			
	Congo-Crimean nemorrhagic lever virus			
	Dengue virus (cultures only)			
	Eastern equine encephaillis virus (culture only)			
	Escherichia coll, verotoxigenic (cultures only)			
	Ebola Virus			
	Frenciaelle tulerencie (cultures enhu)			
	Guarianto virus			
	Hantovirus soucing homorrhagis fover with renal overdrome			
	Handra Virus			
	Henditis Rivirus (cultures only)			
	Herper B virus (cultures only)			
	Human immunodoficionev virus (cultures only)			
	Highly nathogonic avian influenza virus (cultures only)			
	lananoso onconhalitis virus (culturos only)			
	Jupin virue			
	Kvasanur Forest disease virus			
	Machapo virus			
	Monkeynox virus			
	Mycobacterium tuberculosis (cultures only)			
	Nipah virus			
	Omsk hemorrhagic fever virus			
	Poliovirus (cultures only)			
	Rabies virus (cultures only)			

	Rickettsia prowazekii (cultures only)
	Rickettsia rickettsii (cultures only)
	Rift Valley fever virus (cultures only)
	Russian spring-summer encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	Sabia virus
	Shigella dysenteriae type 1 (culture only)
	Tick-borne encephalitis (cultures only)
	Variola virus
	Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus (cultures only)
	West Nile virus (cultures only)
	Yellow fever virus (cultures only)
	Yersinia pestis (cultures only)
UN2900	African swine fever virus
Infectious	Avian paramyxovirus Type 1 – Velogenic Newcastle disease
substances affecting	virus
animals	Classical swine fever virus
	Foot and mouth disease virus
All listed infectious	Goatpox virus
substances affecting	Lumpy skin disease virus
animals are	Mycoplasma mycoides – Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia
considered Category	Peste des petits ruminants virus
A when transported	Rinderpest virus
in cultures.	Sheep-pox virus
	Swine vescicular disease virus
	Vesicular stomatitis virus

NOTE: Microorganisms classified as "Select Agents" are indicated in red. Additional regulations apply to Select Agents, please contact EHS if you plan to ship any of these agents. This list is not inclusive of all Select Agents. In addition, the list of Select Agents is periodically revised by the federal agencies. Consult the federal government's Select Agent website for the most current list and complete list of Select Agents. (<u>http://www.selectagents.gov</u>)



The example above is for a package containing a material properly classified as Infectious Substance, Category A. Required markings and labeling do not change if the package also contains an excepted quantity of class 3, 8, or 9 material that is necessary for maintaining viability, stabilizing or preventing degradation, or neutralizing the hazards of potentially infectious substances.



The example above is for a package containing a material properly classified as Infectious Substance, Category A that also contains Dry Ice. Required markings and labeling do not change if the package also contains an excepted quantity of class 3, 8, or 9 material that is necessary for maintaining viability, stabilizing or preventing degradation, or neutralizing the hazards of potentially infectious substances.

Ann Smith University of Nebraska - Lincoln 3630 E. Campus Loop Lincoln, NE 68583 Phone# (402) 555-5555				Air Waybill No. Page <b>1</b> of Shipper's Refer	853157746 Pages ence Number	855		
Consig Marge 6075 S Las Ve	nee Hartley, MBD, Inc. S. Spencer egas, NV 89109					Fec	Express	0
Two co be hand	mpleted and signed copies ded to the operator	s of this Dec	laration mu	st	WARNING	1		
TRANSPORT DETAILS           This shipment is within the limitations prescribed for: (delete non applicable)         Airport of Departure           PASESENGER AND CARGO         Airport of Departure			_	Failure to comply in all respects with the applicable Dangerous Goods Regulations may be in breach of the applicable law, subject to legal penalties.				
Airport of Destination:					Shipment type: (delete non-applicable) NON-RADIOACTIVE ARAMANSTATE			
NAT	URE AND QUANTITY	OF DANG	EROUS G	OODS				
UN or ID No.	Dangerous Goods Ide Proper Shipping	entification Name	Class or Division (Subsidiary Risk)	Pack- ing Group	Quantity and type of packaging		Packing Inst.	Authorization
UN 2814	Infectious Substand Affecting Humans (HIV Culture)	ce	6.2		5 mL		620	
UN 1845	Dry Ice		9		2 Kg		954	
					All pack fiberboa Overpao Total we	ed in one rd box. k used. ight 5 Kg.		
Addition For Chin Domesi Emerg	L onal Handling Informatio emical Emergency, Spill, L tic North America 1-800-4 gency Telephone Numb	n .eak, Fire, E 24-9300, Int er 1-800	L	Accident Call 1-70	, Call CHEMTF 13-527-3887 (cd	EC Day or Night. sliect calls accepted)	JJ	
l her accu clas resp Inter all o	reby declare that the con urately described above sified, packaged, marked wects in proper condition mational and National G f the applicable air trans	tents of thi by the prop d and labell for transpo overnmenta port require	is consignm er shipping ed/placard ort accordir al Regulatio ements hav	nent are g name, ed, and a ng to ap ons. I de ve been i	fully and and are are in all plicable clare that met.	Name/Title of Sig Ann Smith, Direct Place and Date Lincoln, NE 1-1-2 Signature (see waming above)	natory for of ABC 2011	Inth

The example above is a properly completed Dangerous Goods Declaration for a package containing a culture of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and Dry Ice. Record appropriate information as applicable to the specific shipment and omit language that is not relevant. For example, do not indicate "overpack" if an overpack is not used.

From Person percent land present land 7-13-2008 Sender's FedEx 0685-0276-	4a Express Package Service Packages up to 150 lbs.
Date Account Number	X Rectaurises moning* Profits Standard Overnight Lafets First Overnight Eaflets rest Overnight Eaflets rest Overnight Eaflets rest Isolates whereas
Sender's Ann Smith Phone (402 472-9970	FedEx 20ay FedEx Express Saver
Commany University of Nebraska -	4b Express Freight Service Packages over 150 lbs.
Address 1100 N 17th St	FedEx 10ay Freight*     FedEx 20ay Freight     FedEx 30ay Freight
Chy Lincoln State NE 20 68588	5 Packaging "Deterministration of the BOO "Deterministration of th
Your Internal Billing Reference Ann Smith	6 Special Handling between the sector and the secto
Te Recipient's John Klein Name Phone (888 ) 000-1111	SATURDAY Delivery Available CNUY for Pedia Pring Vourings, Folic 2bins, Mary Status Status Status Status Status Status For Pedia Print Status Status Status Status Status Status Status Pedia Print Status St
Company	No X Yes Distributed Yes
Recipients 1600 Pennsylvania Av.	Despense pools Including Dry tool cannot be shipped in Fedfor packaging. Cargo Arroraft Only
Address We cannot deliver to PD, blows or PD, ZP endes. DepCPoorEstablism Address	7 Payment Bill for free Fulls Acet No. or Credit Carl No. Islaws.
To request a peckage to held at a specific FedEx tocation, prior FedEx address here.	Fadi Aust No. Delle Card No. Delle
Chy Washington, D.C. State ZP 20500	Total Packages Total Weight Total Declared Value" 1 10 pounds 10.00 .00
	*Our lability is limited to \$100 unless you declare a higher value. See back for details. FedEx Use Only
Try online shipping at fedex.com	8 Sign to Authorize Delivery Without a Signature
	By signing you authorize us to deliver this shipment without obtaining a signature and agree to indemnify and half us harmless from any resulting claims.

Note: The example above is for a shipment containing an Infectious Substance, Category A and Dry Ice. Section 6 of the airway bill must indicate the quantity of dry ice (in kilograms), if included in the package. If the package does not contain Dry Ice, then omit the information in section 6 relative to dry ice.